

## AGENDA

## Cash Transactions

+ PAN Quoting
+ AIR
+ TCS
× Taxation Laws (2 ${ }^{\text {nd }}$ Amendment) Act 2016
+ Demonetization
+ Penalties
+ PMGKDS 2016
Presumptive Taxation
+ Section 44AD
+ Section 44ADA
Penny Stocks


Practical aspects of Assessment

## PAN QUOTING



## PROVISIONS - SECTIONS

139A(5)(c) • Quoting of PAN

## 285BA

- Statement of Specified Financial Transactions

> 271FA/ 271FAA $/$ Penalties 272B

- Transactions in which PAN is to be quoted


## 114C

- Verification of PAN
- Furnishing of Form 60


## 114E

- Furnishing of Statement of Financial Transaction (AIR)


## 114F - H

- Furnishing of Statement of Reportable Account

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- Declaration from persons who do not have PAN
- Statement containing particulars of declaration received in Form No. 60

61A

- Statement of Specified Financial Transactions (AIR)

61B

- Furnishing of Statement of Reportable Account


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## PAN QUOTING W.E.F, 01.01.2016

| S. <br> No. | Nature of Transaction | Value of <br> Transaction |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Sale / Purchase of Motor Vehicle or <br> Vehicle other than 2 Wheeler | All |
| 2 | Opening an Bank A/c other than <br> time-deposit referred to at SI. No.12 <br> and Basic Savings Bank Deposit A/c | All |
| 3 | Application for Debit / Credit Card | All |
| 4 | Opening of Demat A/c | All |
| 5 | Payment to Hotel / Restaurant at <br> any one time (earlier 25K) | Cash > <br> $50000 /-$ |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { S. } \\ \text { No. } \end{gathered}$ | Nature of Transaction | Value of Transaction |
| 6 | Payment for Foreign Travel or foreign currency at 1 time (earlier 25K) | Cash > 50000/- |
| 7 | Payment to MF for purchase of Units | > 50000/- |
| 8 | Payment to Co. or Institution for Debentures / Bonds issued by it | > 50000/- |
| 9 | Payment to RBI for Bonds issued by it | > 50000/- |
| 10 | Cash Deposit with Bank in any 1 day PO added w.e.f. 15 November 2016 | 50000/>2.50 Lacs from 9.11.16 to 30.12.16 |
| 11 | Bank Draft / Pay Order / Banker Cheque during one day | Cash > 50000/- |

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## PAN QUOTING W.E.F. 01.01.2016

| S. | Nature of Transaction | Value of <br> Transaction |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| No. | Time Deposit with | $50000 /-$ each |
| transaction or |  |  |
| 1. Bank, | 5 Lacs in |  |
| 2. Post Office, | aggregate |  |
| 3. Nidhi Co. | during FY |  |
|  | 4. NBFC | Cash / draft / <br> PO / banker <br> cheque |
| 13 | Payment for 1 or more Prepaid <br> Payment Instruments like smart <br> card; magnetic stripe cards; <br> internet a/c; online wallets; mobile <br> a/c; mobile wallets; paper voucher; <br> mass transit svstem; other | aggregating > <br> 50000/- in FY |


| S. <br> No. | Nature of Transaction | Value of <br> Transaction |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 14 | Life Insurance Premium | Aggregating > <br> $50000 /-$ in FY |
| 15 | Sale / Purchase of Securities <br> other than Shares per transaction | $>1$ Lac |
| 16 | Sale / Purchase of unlisted shares <br> per transaction (verification by Co <br> [E-50k for issue of shares all Cos] | $>1$ Lac |
| 17 | Sale / Purchase of Immovable <br> Property (earlier 5 L) | $>10$ Lacs <br> Tran. value or <br> $50 C$ value |


| PAN QUOTING W,E,F, 01.01.2016 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S. | Nature of Transaction | Value of Transaction |
| 18 | Sale / purchase of goods / services (earlier 5 L for bullion or jewellery dealer only) | $>2$ Lacs per transaction |
| * Concerned person to verify PAN \& mention in all documents /invoice/applications |  |  |
| $\times$ If no PAN - take Form 60 |  |  |
| Form 61 to be filed half yearly for Form 60 obtained |  |  |
| Form 60 to be retained for 6 years |  |  |

## Lunawat \& Co. <br> PAN QUOTING - NOT REQUIRED

## CG / SG / Consular Offices

$\times$ Non-Residents required for all except:

+ Application for Debit and Credit Card
+ Payment to a hotel or restaurant against a bill
+ Payment for foreign travel or foreign currency
+ Payment to RBI for acquiring bonds
+ Purchase of DD / PO / Bankers cheque
+ Payment for prepaid instruments
+ Sale/purchase of goods/services exceeding Rs. 2L


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## FORM 61 FILING

To be filed by all verifiers except in case of:

| S. <br> No. | Nature of Transaction <br> (Only where verifier is required to get <br> tax audit u/s 44AB) | Value of <br> Transaction |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 5 | Payment to Hotel / Restaurant at <br> any one time | Cash > <br> $50000 /-$ |
| 6 | Payment for Foreign Travel or <br> purchase of foreign currency at 1 <br> time | Cash > <br> $50000 /-$ <br> 18 Sale / purchase of goods / services | | >2 Lacs per |
| :---: |
| transaction |

## AIR REPORTING



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL TBA (AIR) [01.04.2016]

## S.

 No.
## Reporting Person

1(a) Cash for purchase of bank drafts / pay Banks orders / banker's cheque of aggregate $>$ Rs. 10 Lacs in a FY.
1(b) Cash for purchase of pre-paid
Banks instruments by RBI aggregate > Rs. 10 Lacs in a FY. [E- 5L bonds all modes]
1(c) Cash deposits / withdrawals (including Banks bearer's cheque) aggregating > Rs. 50 Lacs in a FY from 1 or more current account of a person.

#  (AIR) [01.04.2016] 

## S.

## Reporting

Person
2 Cash deposits agg. > Rs. 10 Lacs in a
Banks FY, in 1 or more a/cs (other than current P.O. a/c \& time deposit) [E-saving $A / c$ ]
3 One or more time deposits (other than
Banks renewals) of a person aggregating > Rs. P.O. ; Nidhi 10 Lacs in a FY of a person.

NBFC
4 Payments aggregating to-
(i) > Rs. 1 Lac in cash; or
(ii) > Rs. 10 Lacs by any other mode, one or more credit cards in a FY [E - 2L]

Banks issuing
Credit
Cards

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL TRA KSt (AIR) [01.04.2016] <br> S. Nature \& Value of Transaction Reporting

5 Receipt from a person aggregating > Rs. 10 Lacs in a FY for acquiring bonds or debentures issued by Co. or institution (other than renewals) [E-5L]
6 Receipt from a person aggregating > Rs. 10 Lacs in a FY for acquiring shares (including share application money) issued by co. [E- Pub / Rght 1L]
7 Buy back of shares from a person (other than bought in open market) for


Company Institution

Company

Listed Co.

##  (AIR) [01.04.2016] <br> S. Nature \& Value of Transaction Reporting

8 > Rs. 10 Lacs in a FY for acquiring MF units of 1 or more schemes of a MF (except switching) [E-2L]
9 Sale of foreign currency including through debit /credit card or traveller

Authorised Dealer chq. or draft etc agg. > Rs. 10 Lin a FY
10 Purchase or sale of immovable
Registrar property value > Rs. 30 L or valued u/s 50C

#  (AIR) [01.04.2016] 

## S.

Nature \& Value of Transaction

11 Receipt of cash payment Rs. 2 Lacs for sale, by any person, of goods or services of any nature (other than above mentioned items).

12 Cash Deposit from 9.11.16 to 30.12.16 aggregating:

- $\geq 12.50$ Lacs in 1 or more Current account

Bank / PO (inserted by 15.11.16) of a person

- $\geq$ 2.50 Lacs in other than current account

Report annually by $31^{\text {st }}$ May - for $12^{\text {th }}$ Item before 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ January 2017

## Lunawat \& Co. HOW TO DETERMINE THRESHOLD LIMITS

Take into account all the accounts of the same nature in respect of that person;

* Aggregate all the transactions of the same nature in respect of that person;
* Attribute entire value of transaction or the aggregated value of all transactions to all persons, in a case more than 1 person;
Apply threshold limit separately to deposits \& withdrawals in respect of Current a/c


## TCS

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206C (1D) inserted by Finance Act 2012 with the intent to deter generation $\&$ use of unaccounted money on bullion \& jewellery

* (1F) inserted by Finance Act 2016 - Every person, being a seller, who receives any amount as consideration for sale of a motor vehicle of the value exceeding Rs. 10 Lacs, shall at the time of receipt of such amount, collect from the buyer, a sum equal to 1\% of the sale consideration as income-tax.


## Lunawat \& Co.

(ID) - Every person, being a seller, who receives any amount in cash as consideration for sale of bullion or jewellery or any other goods (other than bullion or jewellery) or providing any service, shall, at time of receipt of such amount in cash, collect from the buyer, a sum equal to $1 \%$ of sale consideration as IT, if such consideration:

+ (i) ...(ii)...
+ (iii) for any goods, other than those referred to in clause (i) \& (ii), or any service, exceeds Rs. 2 Lacs
Provided that no TCS which TDS under Chapter XVII-B


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## TCS ???

Mr. A an agriculturist purchases Innova Car for Rs. 14 Lacs on 30.10.2016. Payment made by NEFT. TCS?

* Mr. X a salaried person sells his Mercedes Car to Mr. Y for Rs. 25 Lacs in cash. TCS??
Mr. D issues invoice of Rs. 3 Lacs for interior decoration. TDS u/s 194J deducted of Rs. 30000/- payment received Rs. 2. 80L in cash. TCS?


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## TCS ???

Mr. A in business of selling LEDs., covered u/s 44AD for AY 2017-18 annual turnover Rs. 80 Lacs, sells LED to Mr. X for Rs. 3 lacs in cash. TCS??
$\times$ Mr. B in business of selling LEDs., covered u/s 44AD for AY 2017-18 annual turnover Rs. 160 Lacs, sells LED to Mr. Y for Rs. 3 lacs in cash. TCS??

ABC Trust running a hospital issues a bill of Rs. 3 Lacs for heart operation to Mr. A, which is paid fully in Cash. TCS??

## TCS CLARIFICATIONS

Not applicable in case of motor vehicles from manufacturers to distributors / dealers
All motor vehicles covered

* Government, embassies, Consulates, High Commissions, trade representation of foreign state - No TCS
Tax to be collected at time of receipt of amount, if instalments ...in instalments !!!!
Individual seller if 44AB applicable !!!
TCS only under one sub-section


## Lunawat \& Co. <br> TCS CLARIFICATIONS 24,6.16

TCS only if cash is received exceeding Rs. 2 Lacs even if single invoice > Rs. 2 Lacs. Example:
+Invoice Rs. 5 Lacs - Chq. Rs. 4 L \& cash Rs. 1 L -TCS??
+Invoice Rs. 5 Lacs - chq. Rs. 2 Lacs, Cash Rs. 3 Lacs - TCS on ???

## Lunawat \& Co. SALE / PURCHASE TRANSACTIONS

## Single Bill > 2 <br> - Obtain PAN, nothing further

- If not, file Form 60 / 61 Lacs, No cash


## Single Bill > 2

- Obtain PAN, nothing further
- If not, file Form 60 / 61

Lacs, some cash

- Collect TCS @ 1\%, file return if cash component > 2 Lacs

Single Bill < 2 L but cash received in year > 2 Lacs

- No TCS
- File AIR



## Lunawat \& Co.

 ITR DATA AY 2014-15| CATEGORY | NO. OF ITRS FILED <br> (IN LACS) |
| :--- | ---: |
| Individuals | 365.13 |
| HUF | 9.40 |
| Firm | 9.18 |
| Company | 7.01 |
| Others | 0.54 |
| TOTAL |  |



## ITR DATA AY 2014-15

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Only 3.91 Cr. ITRs filed during AY2014-15 Total Income in ITRs Rs. 24,35,218 Crs.
$\times 2.17 \%$ i.e. 8.51 Lakh returns with Nil or negative incomes
× 92\% ITRs contributed 44.40\% ITR Incomes
0.21\% ITRs contributed 36.98\% ITR Incomes
0.0004\% ITRs contributed 17.24\% ITR Incomes

## DEMONETIZATION

Notes of Rs. 500/- / Rs. 1000/- not a legal tender w.e.f. ${ }^{\text {th }}$ November 2016 Opportunity given to change through ever changing limits to:

+ Exchange
$\times$ Old with New
+ Deposit - Old - 19 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ December 2016
+ Withdraw - New - bankers own limits
Worry about limits !!!!


## DEMONETIZATIOR Lunawat \& Co. DEMONETIZATION

## Bank \& PO Accounts

## A/c without PAN

## A/c having PAN

Individuals \& HUF

Current

Other than current

Other than Individual \& HUF

Current

# Lunawat \& Co. DEMONETIZATION 

## $\times$ Jan Dhan Accounts

+No Cheque book account +Benefits?? BPL - limit - 27k p.a. +Consistency??
$\times$ The Limit of Rs. 2.50 L vs. Rs. 10 L The Limit of Rs. 12.50 L vs. Rs. 50 L Applicability of Other Laws - VAT, Service Tax, Money Laundering...

## DEMONETIZATION \& IT

PAN requirement if cash deposited in aggregate >2.50 Lacs in Bank / PO

* AIR Reports
$+31^{\text {st }}$ January 2017:
$\times$ 09.11.2016 to 30.12.2016
+31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ May 2017 - FY 2016-17
Consequence of trying to be smart ....
Taxation (2 $2^{\text {nd }}$ Amendment) Act 2016 Effective from 15 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ December 2016


## Lunawat \& Co.

## Amendment Act 2016

Higher Taxes \& Penalties

PMGKDS 2016

Higher Tax

## S. 115BBE

- Tax if income u/s 68 / 69 / 69A / 69B / 69C / 69 D
S. 270A
- Under reporting - 50\%
- Misreporting 200\%

271AAC

- Penalty if tax u/s 115BBE

271AAB

- Search 10\% - Source etc
-60\% - no source


## TAX U/S 115BBE

## S. 115BBE substituted

Applicable if Income assessed u/s 68 / 69 / 69A / 69B / 69C / 69D even if reflected in IT Return
Tax Rate increased from 30\% to 60\%. Plus surcharge u/Chapter II of Finance Act @ 25\% i.e. 75\% plus... cesses i.e. 77.25\%

Other cases of share capital, loans, !!!


## PENALTY U/S 271AAC

## New section introduced

 If tax u/s 115BBE paid within relevant previous year - no penalty otherwise penalty @ 10\% of taxProcedure u/s 274 / 275 to be followed for imposing penalty
No penalty u/s 270A
In case of search penalty $u / s$ 271AAB
to be levied not $u / s$ 271AAC

## PENALTY U/S 271AAB

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In case of search initiated after the Amendment Act - if income declared in statement u/s 132(4) and tax and interest paid \& ITR Filed- penalty increased from $10 \%$ to $30 \%$ of income If source not declared or other conditions not satisfied - Penalty fixed @ 60\% of income by Finance Act 2016

## PMGKY 2016 \& PMGKDS 2016

Taxation and Investment Regime for Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Yojna 2016
Chapter IX A introduced in Finance Act.
$\times$ Any person including non resident can declare

* Deposit in scheme named as Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Deposit Scheme 2016
Tax in PMGKY 2016
Investment in PMGKDS 2016
Commences on 17 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ December 2016
Ends on 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ March 2017


## PMGKY 2016

To include cash or deposit in account maintained with Bank / PO for any A. Y. commencing on or before 1.4.2017

* Declaration in Form 1
$\times$ Amount declared not to be included in total income

Certificate in Form 2 within 30 days from end of month in which declaration made Revision allowed due to omission or wrong statement-within time limit

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## PMGKY 2016

No deduction of any expenditure or allowance to be allowed against income in respect of which declaration is made.
$\times$ Tax to be paid @ 30\% plus surcharge (PMGKC) @ 33\% \& penalty @ 10\% of income i.e. 49.90\% in ITNS 287

To be paid before making declaration Amount paid is not refundable

## Lunawat \& Co.

## PMGKDS 2016

$\times$ To deposit not less than 25\% of undisclosed income in PMGKDS 2016 Lock in period of 4 years

* Deposit in multiple of Rs. 100/-
* Deposit in single payment with banks in Form II
$\times$ All Banks to accept deposits and issue acknowledgement
Bond ledger A/c with RBI - Certificate in Form I


## PMGKDS 2016

No interest to be paid
Applicant to have PAN
$\times$ Nomination to be made in Form III
× Nomination varied / cancelled - Form IV
$\times$ Transferable to nominee /legal heir in case of death only
Bonds not Tradable
On maturity - credit to bank a/c as per details on record - if changed - intimate

Conservation of Foreign Exchange and Prevention of Smuggling Activities Act, 1974.
Offence punishable under Chapter IX or Chapter XVII of the Indian Penal Code
× Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act
× Cases under Black Money Act

* Persons notified under Special Court (Trial of offences relating to securities) Act 1992
Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act, 1967,
Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988,
Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988
Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002
- Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, nothing contained in any declaration made u/s 183 shall be admissible in evidence against declarant for purpose of any proceeding relating to imposition of penalty, other than the penalty leviable u/s 185, or for purposes of prosecution under IT Act or the WT Act.
- Nothwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, nothing contained in any declaration made $\mathrm{u} / \mathrm{s} 199 \mathrm{C}(1)$ shall be admissible in 2016 evidence against the declarant for the purpose of any proceeding under any Act other than the Acts mentioned in section 199-0


## Lunawat \& Co. 115BBE VS, PMGKDS

*Assumptions:
$\times$ Amount to be disclosed Rs. 10 Lakhs
*No Source
$\times$ Tax to be paid during the year, hence no penalty

|  | S.115BBE | PMGKDS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax to be paid | 7.725 | 4.99 |
| To be deposited in Scheme | Nil | 2.50 |
| Immediate available in Hand | 2.275 | 2.51 |
| Intt @ 9\% earned for 4 years | 0.82 | 0.90 |
| Money in hand after 4 years | 3.095 | 5.91 |

## 143(3) 158BC

Tax to be paid on
$7.725 \quad 7.725$ assessment

Penalty u/s 271AAC
0.75

NA
Penalty u/s 271AAB
NA
6.00 (No source)
Total (Plus Interest) $8.475 \quad 13.725$

## Lunawat \& Co. <br> PMGKY 2016 \& PMGKDS 2016



## Deposit 25\% of undisclosed amount in <br> PMGKDS 2016 in Form II



On successful declaration get certificate in

Form 2

File declaration for PMGKY 2016 in Form 1

## Get the

Certificate of
Deposit in Form

## FORM 1 ESSENTIALS

## To login to www.incometaxindiaefiling.gov.in

To select:

+ Jurisdictional Pr. CIT / CIT; or
+ (CIT) CPC, Bengaluru
To give detail of:
+ Amount held in cash
+ Amount deposited in bank / PO - IFSC code
To attach:
+ Tax payment challan ITNS 287
+ Proof of deposit in PMGKDS 2016


## Lunawat \& Co. <br> DEMONETIZATION - WHAT TO DO?

Deposit cash as per books / cash flow - as on $8^{\text {th }}$ November 2016

Avail PMGKY 2016 \& PMGKDS 2016 if no source
× Limited Scrutiny
$\times$ Ultimately IT assessment to be done
× Revised ITR for AY 2015-16 !!!!!!
Do not get swayed by rumours and forwarded messages
Believe in your ability and knowledge..
Time to contribute to the nation and Profession

# Lunawat \& Co. PRESUMPTIVE TAXATION 

## 44AD

- PGBP other than professionals and agents
- Professionals

44AE

- Goods Carriages


## Lunawat \& Co. PRESUMPTIVE TAXATION

- Section 44AD
- If income CLAIMED - Presumptive then:
- No books of accounts u/s 44AA
- No audit u/s 44AB
- Deemed income of 8\% and above
- $6 \%$ if receipts by banking / digital channel (to be proposed in Finance Bill 2017 for FY 2016-17)
- All deductions u/s 30 to 38 deemed to have been given full effect.


## Lunawat \& Co. <br> PRESUMPTIVE TAXATION - CHANGES

- Limit u/s 44AD increased from 1 Cr to 2 Cr
- S. 44ADA introduced for Professionals - Limit 50 Lacs - Deemed Income -50\%
- For firms - partners salary \& interest not allowable for business as well as professional
- If benefit u/s 44AD not claimed in 1 year then cannot claim in next 5 years. In such case to maintain books if income > maximum amount not chargeable to tax and audit u/s 44AB
- No similar clause for professionals u/s 44ADA
- Advance Tax for 44AD only- $15^{\text {th }}$ March


# Lunawat \& Co. APPLICABILITY OF 44AD / 44AB ON MR. A 

AY 2017-18 - T - Rs. 120 Lacs . P

- 10 L, TI - 9 L

$$
\cdot \mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{N}
$$

AY 2018-19 - T - Rs. 120 Lacs . P

- $8 \mathrm{~L}, \mathrm{TI}$ - 6 L
- N/Y

AY 2019-20 - T - Rs. 70 Lacs. P 10 L, TI - 9 L

AY 2020-21 - T - Rs. 60 Lacs. P 10 L, TI - 2 L

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## 40A VS 44AD

- Both s. 40A \& s. 44AD use non-obstante clause
- Where there is a conflict between a general and special provisions, the latter shall prevail Union of India \& Anr. vs. India Fisharies (P) Ltd. (1965) 57 ITR 331(SC).
- This rule is subject to the condition that there is nothing in the general provisions, express or implied, indicating any intention to the contrary - CIT vs. Shahzada Nand \& Sons (1966) 60 ITR 392 (SC)


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## 40A VS 44AD

- Applying the said rules of interpretation, it is clear that since s. 44AD is a special provision whereas s. 40A is a general provision \& there is nothing in s. 40A indicating any intention to the contrary, s. 40A will have no application where a case is covered by s. 44AD
- Also s. 44AD is a later section and Legislature must have deliberately used in that section the non-obstanta clause despite the fact that s. 40A, which is already on the statute, is using the same expression.


# Lunawat \& Co. APPLICABILITY OF 44AD(44ADA) /44AB - AY 2017-18 

Mfg. - Turnover - 120L; NP - 10 L; 80-IA - 7 L; TI-2.40L

Trading- Turnover - 90L; NP -3L; Architect Fee - 55 L; NP- 15 L; TI-7L

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Doctor - Trading Turnover - 120L - NP - 8 L; Fee - 27 L - NP 15 L; Tl- 20 L

Trading; Turnover -120L; Commission - 2L; NP5L; TI 4L
- AD - No
- AB - Yes

\section*{Lunawat \& Co. \\ SECTION 44AD ESSENTIALS}
- Should be eligible assessee
- Ind., HUF, Firm (except LLP); and
- No s. 10A, 10AA, 10B, 10BA \& Chp VIA Part C
- Should be doing eligible business
- Any except 44AE; and
- Turnover < 2 Crs
- Section not applicable to a person carrying:
- Profession
- Commission or brokerage
- Agency business
- Deemed profit 8\% or more
- Commensurate with bank account !!!

\section*{Lunawat \& Co. SECTION 44ADA ESSENTIALS}
- Should be engaged in profession - section 44AA read with rule 6F
- Gross receipt < 50 Lakhs
- Deemed profit 50\% or more
- Commensurate with bank account !!!

\section*{Lunawat \& Co.}

\section*{PROFESSION}
- Section 44AA read with Rule 6F
- Accountancy
- Architectural
- Authorised Representative
- Company Secretary
- Engineering
- Film Artist, actors, cameramen, editor.
- Interior Decoration
- Legal
- Medical
- Technical Consultancy
- Information Technology

\section*{Lunawat \& Co.}

\section*{PROFESSION}
- Held as business
- Advertising agent
- Clearing, forwarding \& shipping agents
- Insurance agents
- Travel agent
- Stock and share broking
- Courier agency
- Nursing Home
- Are they hence covered u/s 44AD??


As per wikipedia - Penny stocks are common shares of small public cos. that trade at low prices per share.
+ In USA, U.S. Securities \& Exchange Comm.
(SEC) defines it as security that trades below \$5-per-share, is not listed on national exchange \& fails to meet other specific criteria.
+ In U.K stocks priced under \(£ 1\).
+ In India - No law -generally market cap. < Rs.
100 cr . \& share traded <Rs. 10/- per share

\section*{Several websites recommend investing in penny stocks world wide..but with a caution}
+ www.pennystocks.com
+ www.allpennystocks.com
+ www.pennystockobserver.com
+ www.pennystocklist.com
+ www.smartmoneygoal.in
+ www.moneyexcel.com
+ http://nseguide.com/category/penny-stocks/
+ http://penny.tipz.in/
+ How to become a Penny Stock Millionaire -httns://www-voutube_com/watch?v=3NZtaIFaFYw

\section*{REGULATOR}

SEBI is the Indian regulator for listed companies in India
x It had barred 59 entities from trading, buying, selling or dealing in the securities markets, either directly or indirectly in August 2015.
2-3 Times earlier also barred.

\section*{OLD DECISIONS}
\(>\) Mukesh R. Marolia vs. ACIT [2006] 6 SOT

\section*{247 (Mum Trib)}
\(>\) In the present case, howsoever unbelievable it might be, every transaction of the assessee has been accounted, documented and supported.
\(>\) Even the evidences collected from the concerned parties have been ultimately turned in favour of the assessee.
\(>\) Therefore, it is very difficult to brush aside the contentions of the assessee that he had purchased shares and he had sold shares and ultimately he had purchased a flat utilising the sale proceeds of those shares.

\section*{Lunawat \& Co.}

\section*{OLD DECISIONS}
\(\times\) Purchase of 8,500 shares of Nageshwar Investment Ltd. at Calcutta Stock Exchange Cost Rs. 17170/-
\(\times\) Sales - Rs. 7,32,360/-
\(\times\) Payment \& Receipt by account payee cheques
\(\times\) A.O. adds Rs. 7,32,360/- u/s 68.
\(\times\) Held - A.O. has failed to bring on record any evidence to establish that evidence filed by assessee as well as share broker were fabricated or false. ...It is not the case of the revenue that there is no such broker or the distinctive nos of the shares of \(\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s}\) Nageshwar Investments Ltd. do not exist or the transactions of purchase and sale of such shares recorded through bank and demat form are fictitious. The A.O. has simply acted on the information gathered from the Calcutta Stock Exchange.

ITO vs. Raj Kumar Agarwal, ITA No. 1330/K/07, dated 10.08.2007

\section*{OLD DECISIONS}
× CIT vs. Carbo Industrial Holdings Ltd. (2000) 244 ITR 422 (Cal)
+ Payment by a/c cheque has not been disputed.
+ Payment on purchase \& sale \& payment received by a/c payee cheque was on two different dates.
+ If share broker, even after issue of summons, does not appear for that reason, claim of assessee should not be denied, specially in cases when existence of broker is not in dispute nor payment is in dispute. + Merely because some broker failed to appear, assessee should not be punished for default of broker \& we are in full agreement with Tribunal that on mere suspicion claim of assessee should not be denied.

\section*{OLD DECISIONS Lunawat \& co.}
\(\times\) Transaction through broker- but suspended by the SEBI.
\(\times\) Payment for purchase after 6 mnths- Demat after 16 mnths
\(\times\) Held - Fact that Broker through whom shares are sold has been barred from entering transactions w.e.f. Sept. 2005 whereas these transactions entered by assessee are entered much prior to suspension of broker i.e. on 24.12.04. Therefore, there is no reason to disbelieve this transaction.. Contention of revenue that assessee had made payments after lapse of 16 months is not acceptable, since, in this case, assessee has entered into several transactions both purchase/sales which is apparent from ledger of M/s S.B. Buthra \& Co.. Endorsement of company made on 30.08.03 on share certificates \& confirmation by broker clearly establishes that assessee has purchased shares on 20.6.03. Similarly sales are also reflected in books of assessee which are supported by contract notes \& bank statement.

Rahul Vashist vs. ITO, ITA NO. 140/K/09 dated 10.08.2007

\section*{OLD DECISIONS}
\(\times\) Off market purchase. Shares credited in the Demat \(A / c\) \(\mathbf{x}\) Variation in the trade time. Quantity of shares traded also does not tally.
\(\times\) Held
+Shares available in Demat Account
+ Contract Notes issued by a registered broker
+Sale consideration by account payee cheque
+ Off market transactions do not reflect in the Stock Exchange system
+Variations noted by the A.O. is only a pointer to further investigate the transactions claimed by the assessee..

Dy CIT vs. Jagdish Prasad Goel, ITA No. 541/K/10, dated 13.04.2011

\section*{DECISION}

\section*{Lunawat \& Co.}
x When, assessee purchased shares from broker, they were purchased by him from M/s "S" \& when assessee sold shares to broker, shares were purchased by same \(\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{s}\) " S ".
X ET reported in March 2006 about fraudulent transactions resulting into false capital gains.
\(\times\) Transactions not done in the online system.
\(\times\) Held:
+ Shares were quoted in CSE
+ Shares were in the Demat A/c. Shares were held in the assessee's name for over 12 months.
+ Shares were purchased in the off market through broker.
+ Assessee is not supposed to know the working of the share broker in the stock exchange.
Lalit Jagmohan Jalan (HUF ) vs. ACIT, ITA No. 693/Kol/2009; dt. 10.02.2016

\section*{DECISION}

\section*{Lunawat \& Co.}
\(\times\) Assessee purchased shares of Globe Commercial Limited through ' \(\mathrm{M}^{\prime}\) - share broker.
\(\times\) Shares were sold through another broker ' S '.
X Assessee booked Long Term Capital Gains.
X Information received by A.O. from DDIT (Inv.) - Assessee had taken a bogus entry of LTCGs by paying cash + premium.
\(\times\) Held:
+ Reasons recorded were vague and not proper.
+ A.O. has to record his satisfaction about the correctness or otherwise of the information. + The A.O. cannot accept the truth of the vague information in a mechanical manner. CIT vs. Shri Atul Jain (2008) 299 ITR 383 (Del)

\section*{x CIT vs SFIL Stock Broking Ltd -(2010) 325 ITR 285 (Del)}

\section*{\(\times\) Reasons recorded}
+ "Information received from Dy. Director of IT (Inv.), ....that one of my assessees M/s SFIL Stock Broking Ltd., has made bogus claim of longterm capital gains shown as earned on account of sale/purchase of shares ...He has directed the A.O. to get notices u/s 148. Subsequently, I have been directed by the Addl. CIT R8/2002-03/572, dt. 26th Aug., 2003 to initiate proceedings under S. 148 in respect of cases pertaining to this ward. Thus, I have sufficient information in my possession to issue notice under S. 148 in the case of M/s SFIL Stock Broking Ltd. on the basis of the reasons recorded as above."
\(\times\) Findings of the HC:
+ A.O. has merely referred to the information and two directions as "reason to belief"
+ These cannot be the reason for proceeding u/s 147.
+ From the "reasons" it is not discernible that the A.O. had applied his mind to the information and independently arrived at a belief.
+ Tribunal has arrived at the correct conclusion of facts.

\section*{RECENT DECISIONS}
× CIT vs. Mukesh Ratilal Marolia (Bombay HC) - Dt. - 7/9/2011
(2012) 80 CCH 0407 MumHC
+ Fact that a small amount invested in "penny" stocks gave rise to huge capital gains in a short period does not mean that the transaction is "bogus" if the documentation and evidences cannot be faulted.
x DCIT vs. Sunita Khemka (ITAT Kol) - [2016-ITRV-ITAT-KOL-057]
+ AO cannot treat a transaction as bogus only on the basis of suspicion or surmise. He has to bring material on record to support his finding that there has been collusion/connivance between the broker and the assessee for the introduction of its unaccounted money. A transaction of purchase and sale of shares, supported by Contract Notes and demat statements and Account Payee Cheques cannot be treated as bogus.
x ITO vs. Indravadan Jain (HUF) -Dt. 27/5/2016 (2016) 47 CCH 0303 MumTrib
+ Long-term capital gains arising from transfer of penny stocks cannot be treated as bogus merely because SEBI has initiating an inquiry with regard to the Company \& the broker if the shares are purchased from the exchange, payment is by cheque and delivery of shares is taken \(\&\) given.
\(\times\) Farrah Marker vs. ITO - Dt. 27/04/16 (2016) 46 CCH 0535 MumTrib
+ When the addition under section 68 of the Act is made merely on presumptions, suspicions and surmises in respect of penny stocks; disregarding the direct evidences placed on record furnished by the assessee than the addition made is liable to be deleted.
+ Long-term capital gains on sale of "penny" stocks cannot be treated as bogus \& unexplained cash credit if documentation is in order \& there is no allegation of manipulation by SEBI or BSE. Denial of right of crossexamination is a fatal flaw which renders the assessment order a nullity.

\section*{Lunawat \& Co.}
-Regular [143(3)]
Best Judgment [144]

Reassessment
[147]

Block [158BC]

×Entrance
×Appearance
*Mobile Manners
\(\times\) Be a good Listener
Be Effective Speaker
\(\times\) Use of
Language
\(\times\) Keeping of Files
\(\times\) Taking Along Someone Politeness \(\times\) CONFIDENCE

\section*{SCIENCE}

Master of Subject
Knowledge of Procedure
\(\times\) Knowledge of Terminologies
\(\times\) Teaching the Authority
\(\times\) Telling Mistake of Other Assessees
Don't miss the dates
Master of Facts
Say what you have written and write what
you say
* Use PAN, subject, year..
\(\times\) Positive approach
* Negate Specific question
* To address
+Factual position
+Legal position
\(\times\) Forget POA
Misstate the fact
Cite wrong or overruled cases

Be Eager to get the case done

\section*{Lunawat \& Co.}


\section*{THANK YO}

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