F. No. 354/173/2017-TRU Government of India Ministry of Finance Department of Revenue Tax research Unit ****

North Block, New Delhi 15th November 2017

To,

The Principal Chief Commissioners/ Chief Commissioners/ Principal Commissioners/ Commissioner of Central Tax (All) / The Principal Director Generals/ Director Generals (All)

Madam/Sir,

<u>Subject: Clarifications regarding applicability of GST and availability of ITC in</u> <u>respect of certain services</u>

I am directed to issue clarification with regard to certain issues brought to the notice of Board as under:

S. No.	Issue	Comment
1.	Is GST applicable on warehousing of agricultural produce	 As per GST notification No. 11/2017-Central Tax (Rate), S.No. 24 and notification No. 12/2017- Central Tax (Rate), S.No. 54, dated 28thJune 2017, the GST rate on loading, unloading packing, storage or warehousing of agricultural produce is Nil. Agricultural produce in the notification has been defined to mean "any produce out of cultivation of plants and rearing of all life forms of animals, except the rearing of horses, for food, fibre, fuel, raw material or
		 Tea used for making the beverage, such as black tea, green tea, white tea is a processed product made in tea factories after carrying out several processes, such as drying, rolling, shaping, refining, oxidation, packing etc. on green leaf and is the processed output of the same. Thus, green tea leaves and not tea is the "agricultural produce" eligible for exemption available for loading, unloading, packing, storage or warehousing

		 of agricultural produce. Same is the case with coffee obtained after processing of coffee beans. 5. Similarly, processing of sugarcane into jaggery changes its essential characteristics. Thus, jaggery is also not an agricultural produce. 6. Pulses commonly known as dal are obtained after dehusking or splitting or both. The process of dehusking or splitting is usually not carried out by farmers or at farm level but by the pulse millers. Therefore pulses (dehusked or split) are also not agricultural produce. However whole pulse grains such as whole gram, rajma etc. are covered in the definition of agricultural produce. 7. In view of the above, it is hereby clarified that processed products such as tea (i.e. black tea, white tea ata) processed coffee heaves or powder pulses (defined after defined after definition of agricultural produce.
		etc.), processed coffee beans or powder, pulses (de- husked or split), jaggery, processed spices, processed dry fruits, processed cashew nuts etc. fall outside the definition of agricultural produce given in notification No. 11/2017-CT(Rate) and 12/2017-CT(Rate) and corresponding notifications issued under IGST and UGST Acts and therefore the exemption from GST is not available to their loading, packing, warehousing etc. and that any clarification issued in the past to the contrary in the context of Service Tax or VAT/ Sales Tax is no more relevant.
2.	Is GST leviable on inter-state transfer of aircraft engines, parts and accessories for use by their own airlines?	 Under Schedule I of the CGST Act, supply of goods or services or both between related persons or between distinct persons as specified in Section 25, when made in the course or furtherance of business, even if, without consideration, attracts GST. It is hereby clarified that credit of GST paid on aircraft engines, parts & accessories will be available for discharging GST on inter–state supply of such aircraft engines, parts & accessories by way of inter-state stock transfers between distinct persons as specified in section 25 of the CGST Act, notwithstanding that credit of input tax charged on consumption of such goods is not allowed for supply of service of transport of passengers by air in economy class at GST rate of 5%.
3.	Is GST leviable on General Insurance policies provided by a	It is hereby clarified that services provided to the Central Government, State Government, Union territory under any insurance scheme for which total premium is paid

State Government to	by the Central Government, State Government, Union
employees of the State	territory are exempt from GST under Sl. No. 40 of
government/ Police	notification No. 12/2017-Central Tax (Rate). Further,
personnel, employees	services provided by State Government by way of
of Electricity	general insurance (managed by government) to
Department or	employees of the State government/ Police personnel,
students of colleges/	employees of Electricity Department or students are
private schools etc.	exempt vide entry 6 of notification No. 12/2017- CT(R)
(a) where premium is	which exempts Services by Central Government, State
paid by State	Government, Union territory or local authority to
Government and	individuals.
(b) where premium is	
paid by employees,	
students etc.?	

2. Difficulty if any, in the implementation of this circular may be brought to the notice of the Board.

Yours Faithfully,

Rachna Technical Officer (TRU) Email: <u>rachna.irs@gov.in</u>